

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Vignita 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/611,282	07/06/2000	Mohammad A. Abdallah	42390.P9147	4900
8791	7590 08/04/2003			
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN			EXAMINER	
12400 WILSH LOS ANGELE	RE BOULEVARD, SEVENTH FLOOR S, CA 90025		TREAT, WILLIAM M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2183	Q
			DATE MAILED: 08/04/2003	Δ .

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	(\mathcal{O}
	Application N .	Applicant(s)	Ö
•	09/611,282	ABDALLAH ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	William M. Treat	2183	
The MAILING DATE f this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence addres	s
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versions are provided to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a y within the statutory minimum of the will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this commur ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 J	<u>luly 2000</u> .		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowatelessed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims			erits is
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application	l.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 18 June 2001 is/are: a)	•	•	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner.	
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	-		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	- h h		
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		A 1' 1' A1	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	•		_
Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But See the attached detailed Office action for a list.	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))		е
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	c priority under 35 U.S.C	s. § 119(e) (to a provisional app	lication).
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesting 			
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5.	5) Notice o	v Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152	

Application/Control Number: 09/611,282 Page 2

Art Unit: 2183

1. Claims 1-30 are presented for examination.

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- (f) he did not himself invent the subject matter sought to be patented.
- 3. Claims 1-8, 12-15, 22-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a, e, f) as being clearly anticipated by Morrison (Patent No. 6,170,052).
- 4. The examiner would suggest applicants read col. 4, line 10 through col. 5, line 45, at a minimum, before responding.
- 5. Claims 16-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted structural cooperative relationships are: How and why a bypass bus provides a result and how and why the bypass bus and that result relate to the other elements of the claims.
- 6. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

7. A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v*.

Application/Control Number: 09/611,282

Art Unit: 2183

Eagle Mfg. Co., 151 U.S. 186 (1894); In re Ockert, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

Page 3

- 8. A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.
- 9. Claims 1-3 are directed to the same invention as that of claims 1-3 of commonly assigned application number 09/610,895. The issue of priority under 35 U.S.C. 102(g) and possibly 35 U.S.C. 102(f) of this single invention must be resolved.
- 10. Since the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office normally will not institute an interference between applications or a patent and an application of common ownership (see MPEP § 2302), the assignee is required to state which entity is the prior inventor of the conflicting subject matter. A terminal disclaimer has no effect in this situation since the basis for refusing more than one patent is priority of invention under 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) and not an extension of monopoly.
- 11. Failure to comply with this requirement will result in a holding of abandonment of this application.
- 12. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).
- 13. A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).
- 14. Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Application/Control Number: 09/611,282

Art Unit: 2183

Page 4

15. Claims 1-30 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of

obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-22 of copending

Application No. 09/610,895. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not

patentably distinct from each other because they are for virtually the identical invention except

for minor modifications in the wording.

16. This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting

claims have not in fact been patented.

17. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to William M. Treat at

telephone number 703 305 9699. The examiner works at home on Fridays but may normally be

reached on Fridays by leaving a voice message on his office phone. The examiner also works a

flexible schedule but may normally be reached in the afternoon and evening on three of the four

remaining weekdays.

WILLIAM M. TREAT PRIMARY EXAMINER